

# Formal Models SS 2012: Assignment 9

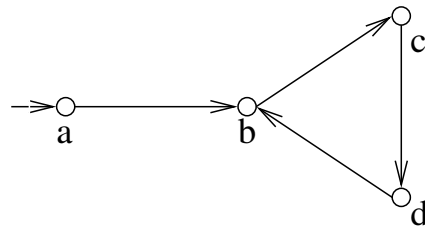
Institute for Formal Models and Verification, JKU Linz

Due 31.05.2012

## Exercise 33

Given LTS  $L$  as shown on the right.

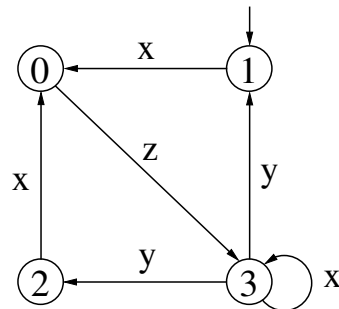
1. List all different infinite traces in  $L$ , using  $\omega$ -notation, e.g.  $ababab \dots = (ab)^\omega$ .
2. Find 6 equivalences between traces from part a), using notation  $\pi^i$ , e.g.  $\pi_2 = \pi_1^1$  for  $\pi_1 = xyz$  and  $\pi_2 = yz$ .



## Exercise 34

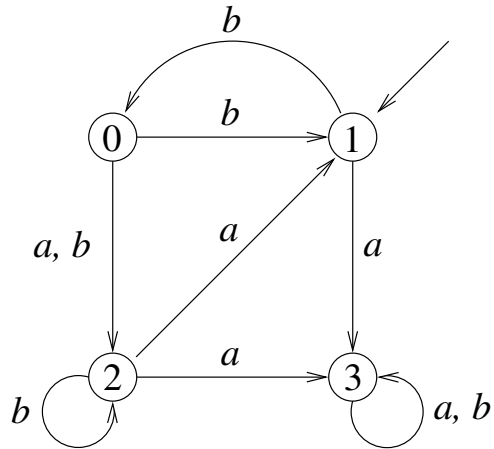
Given LTS  $L$  and CTL/HML formulae 1 to 6 as shown below. For each state  $s$  of  $L$ , determine which of formulae 1 to 6 hold in  $s$ .

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. <b>EX</b> ( $\langle x \rangle 1$ )                                 | 2. <b>AX</b> ( $[y] 0$ )   |
| 3. <b>AG</b> ( $\langle z \rangle 1 \rightarrow \langle y \rangle 1$ ) | 4. <b>E</b> [ $\langle x \rangle 1 \text{ U } \langle z \rangle 1$ ] |
| 5. <b>EG</b> ( $\langle y \rangle 1$ )                                 | 6. <b>EF</b> ( <b>EG</b> $\langle x \rangle 1$ )                     |



**Exercise 35**

Draw the Kripke structure for the LTS as shown below.



**Exercise 36**

Draw a computation tree for each of the following CTL formulae (see also lecture slides 63-65).

1.  $\mathbf{EF} p$
2.  $\mathbf{EX} p$
3.  $\mathbf{EG} p$
4.  $\mathbf{AX} p$
5.  $\mathbf{A}[p \mathbf{U} q]$
6.  $\mathbf{E}[p \mathbf{U} q]$