INCREMENTAL INPROCESSING IN SAT SOLVING

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INTRODUCTION



$$(a \vee \neg b) \land (a \vee b) \land (\neg a \vee \neg b)$$

Propositional logic

NP-complete problem: Is this set of clauses satisfiable?

$$(a \vee \neg b) \land (a \vee b) \land (\neg a \vee \neg b)$$

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 - □ If yes: Provide satisfying truth assignment

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$$\{a=\top,b=\bot\}$$

$$(a \vee \neg b) \land (a \vee b) \land (\neg a \vee \neg b)$$

- NP-complete problem: Is this set of clauses satisfiable?
 - □ If yes: Provide satisfying truth assignment

$$\{a=\top,b=\bot\}=\{a,\neg b\}$$

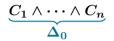
$$(a \lor \neg b) \land (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor \neg b)$$

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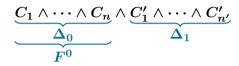
$$(a \lor \neg b) \land (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor \neg b)$$

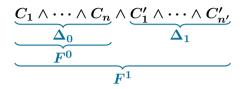
 $C_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge C_n$

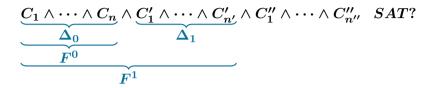


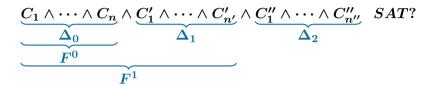
 $C_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge C_n$ $\widetilde{\Delta_0}$ $\dot{F^0}$

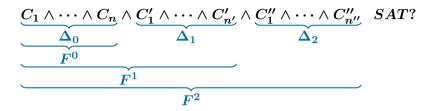
 $\underbrace{\underbrace{C_1 \wedge \cdots \wedge C_n}_{\Delta_0} \wedge C_1' \wedge \cdots \wedge C_{n'}'}_{\Delta_0}$ $\dot{F^0}$

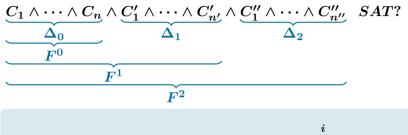




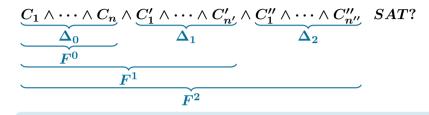






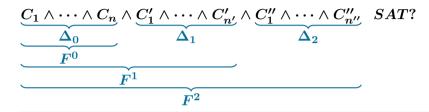


For each
$$i=0\ldots m$$
 is $F^i=\bigwedge_{d=0}^{\wedge}\Delta_d$ satisfiable?



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 is $F^i=\bigwedge_{d=0}^i\Delta_d$ satisfiable?

Extend formula with new clauses



For each
$$i=0\ldots m$$
 is $F^i=\bigwedge_{d=0}^i\Delta_d$ satisfiable?

- Extend formula with new clauses
- Avoid repeated work
 - □ Keep gathered information (e.g. scores, search state variables)
 - Keep learned clauses

Satisfiability preserving clause addition or removal

Satisfiability preserving clause addition or removal

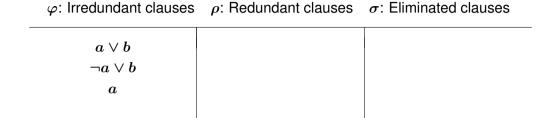
Abstract framework that captures generally inprocessing

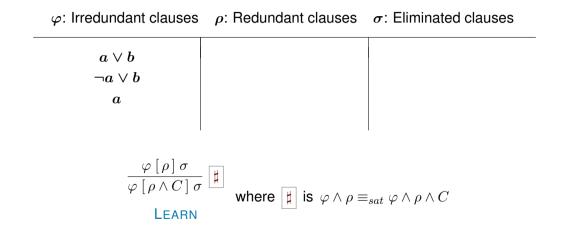
- Satisfiability preserving clause addition or removal
- Abstract framework that captures generally inprocessing
- Deduction rules applied on abstract states

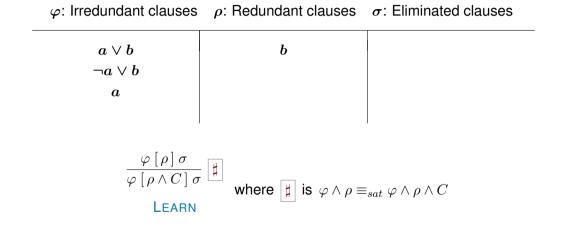
 φ : Irredundant clauses

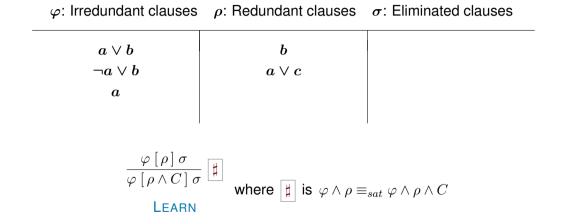
 φ : Irredundant clauses ρ : Redundant clauses

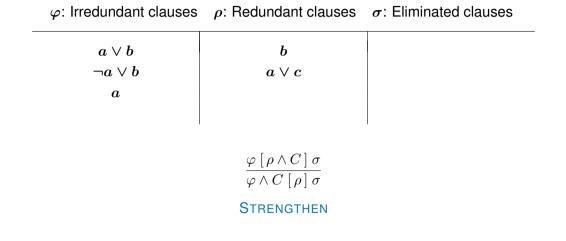
 φ : Irredundant clauses ρ : Redundant clauses σ : Eliminated clauses

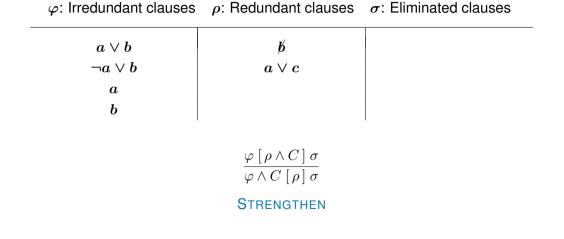


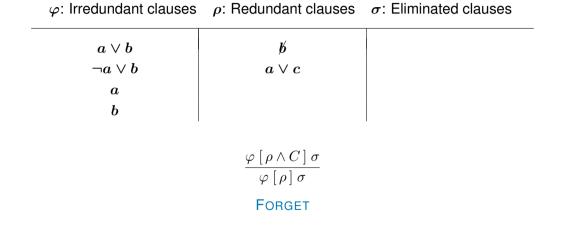


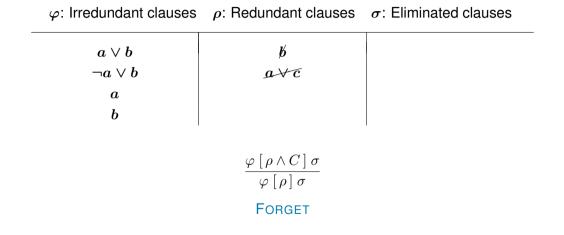


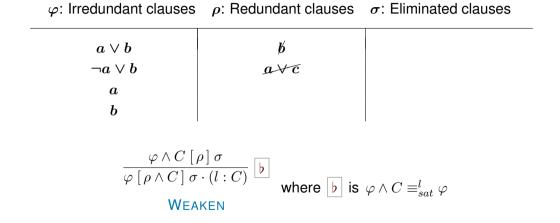




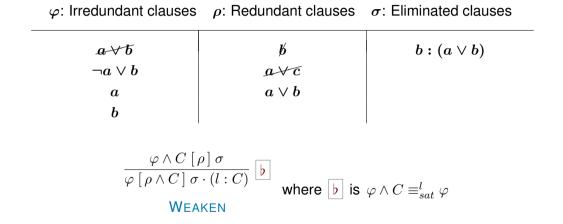




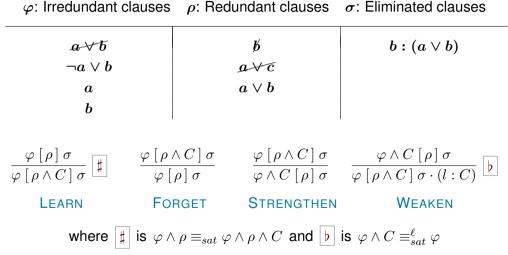




Inprocessing in SAT Solving [JärvisaloHeuleBiere-IJCAR'12]



Inprocessing in SAT Solving [JärvisaloHeuleBiere-IJCAR'12]



Inprocessing is satisfiability but not model preserving

- Inprocessing is satisfiability but not model preserving
- Solution reconstruction is necessary

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a ee b) \wedge (
eg a ee b) \wedge (a)$$
 $a ee b$
 $\neg a ee b$
 a
 $ee b$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor b) \land (a)$$

 $a \lor \mathcal{B}$ $a \lor b$ $b: (a \lor b)$
 $a \land b$ a

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor b) \land (a)$$

 $a \lor b$
 $a \lor b$
 $a \lor b$
 $a \lor b$
 $b : (a \lor b)$
 $b : (\neg a \lor b)$
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$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (\ a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor b) \land (\ a)$$

 $a \lor b$
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 $b : (a \lor b)$
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$$\tau = \{a = \top, b = \bot\}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor b) \land (a)$$

 $a \lor b$
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 $a \lor b$
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 $b : (a \lor b)$
 $b : (\neg a \lor b)$
 $b : (\neg a \lor b)$

$$\tau = \{a = \top, b = \bot\}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\tau,\varepsilon) = \tau, \qquad \quad \mathcal{R}(\tau,\sigma\cdot(\omega:D)) = \begin{cases} \mathcal{R}(\tau,\sigma) & \text{if } \tau(D) = \top \\ \mathcal{R}((\tau\circ\omega),\sigma) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor b) \land (a)$$

 $a \lor b$
 $a \lor b$
 $a \lor b$
 $a \lor b$
 $b : (a \lor b)$
 $b : (\neg a \lor b)$

$$\tau = \{a = \top, b = \bot\}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\{a=\top,b=\bot\},(b:(a\lor b))\cdot(b:(\neg a\lor b)))$$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor b) \land (a)$$

 $a \lor b$ $a \lor b$ $b: (a \lor b)$
 $a \lor b$ $b: (\neg a \lor b)$
 $a \lor b$ $b: (\neg a \lor b)$

$$\tau = \{a = \top, b = \bot\}$$

$$\mathcal{R}(\{a= op,b=ota\},(b:(a\lor b))\cdot(b:(
eg a\lor b)))= \ \mathcal{R}(\{a= op,b= op\},(b:(a\lor b)))$$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor b) \land (a)$$

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$$\mathcal{F}^{0} = (\mathbf{a} \lor \mathbf{b}) \land (\neg \mathbf{a} \lor \mathbf{b}) \land (\mathbf{a})$$

$$\mathbf{a} \lor \mathbf{b}$$

$$\mathbf{a} \lor \mathbf{b}$$

$$\mathbf{a} \lor \mathbf{b}$$

$$\mathbf{b} : (\mathbf{a} \lor \mathbf{b})$$

$$\mathbf{b} : (\neg \mathbf{a} \lor \mathbf{b})$$

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$$\tau = \{a = \top, b = \bot\}$$

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INCREMENTAL INPROCESSING



$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (\boldsymbol{a} \lor \boldsymbol{b}) \land (\neg \boldsymbol{a} \lor \neg \boldsymbol{b})$$

$$a \lor b$$

 $eg a \lor
eg b$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (oldsymbol{a} ee oldsymbol{b} \wedge (
eg oldsymbol{a} ee
eg oldsymbol{b} \wedge (
eg oldsymbol{a} \vee oldsymbol{b})$$
 $oldsymbol{a} imes oldsymbol{b} \wedge (
eg oldsymbol{a} \vee oldsymbol{b})$
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 $oldsymbol{b}$
 $$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor \neg b)$$

 $a \lor b$ $a \lor b$ $a : (a \lor b)$
 $\neg a \lor \neg b$ $\neg b : (\neg a \lor \neg b)$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor \neg b)$$

 $a \lor \overline{b}$ $a \lor b$ $a : (a \lor b)$
 $\neg a \lor \neg \overline{b}$ $\neg b : (\neg a \lor \neg b)$

$$au = \{a = ot, b = ot\}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (\boldsymbol{a} \vee \boldsymbol{b}) \wedge (\neg \boldsymbol{a} \vee \neg \boldsymbol{b})$$

$$a \lor b$$
 $a : (a \lor b)$ $\neg a \lor \neg b$ $\neg b : (\neg a \lor \neg b)$

$$egin{aligned} & au = \{a = ot, b = ot\} \ & \mathcal{R}(\{a = ot, b = ot\}, (a: (a \lor b)) \cdot (
eg b: (
eg a \lor
eg b))) = \{a = ot, b = ot\} \end{aligned}$$

_

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \mathcal{F}^0 = (a \lor b) \land (\neg a \lor \neg b) \quad \mathcal{F}^1 = \mathcal{F}^0 \land (\neg a) \land (\neg b) \\ \hline a \nleftrightarrow b & a : (a \lor b) \\ \hline \neg a \lor \neg b & \neg b : (\neg a \lor \neg b) \\ \hline \neg a & \\ \neg b & \end{array}$$

$$egin{aligned} & au = \{a = ot, b = ot\} \ & \mathcal{R}(\{a = ot, b = ot\}, (a: (a \lor b)) \cdot (\neg b: (\neg a \lor \neg b))) = \{a = ot, b = ot\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^0 = (\boldsymbol{a} \vee \boldsymbol{b}) \wedge (\neg \boldsymbol{a} \vee \neg \boldsymbol{b}) \quad \mathcal{F}^1 = \mathcal{F}^0 \wedge (\underline{\neg \boldsymbol{a}}) \wedge (\neg \boldsymbol{b})$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc} a \lor b & a : (a \lor b) \\ \neg a \lor \neg b & \neg b : (\neg a \lor \neg b) \\ \hline \neg a & & \\ \neg b & & & \\ \end{array}$$

$$egin{aligned} & au = \{a = ot, b = ot\} \ & \mathcal{R}(\{a = ot, b = ot\}, (a: (a \lor b)) \cdot (\neg b: (\neg a \lor \neg b))) = \{a = ot, b = ot\} \end{aligned}$$

Incremental Inprocessing – Possible solutions

Forbid inprocessing partially:

□ Freeze & Melt – 'Don't touch' variables

[EénSörensson-ENTCS'03, KupferschmidLewisSchubertBecker-FMSD'11]

Incremental Inprocessing – Possible solutions

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- Preprocessing in incremental SAT [NadelRyvchinStrichman-SAT'12]
 - □ Variable elimination, (self-)subsumption

Incremental Inprocessing – Possible solutions

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- Preprocessing in incremental SAT [NadelRyvchinStrichman-SAT'12]
 - □ Variable elimination, (self-)subsumption
- General solution: Incremental Inprocessing
 - Adapt and extend inprocessing rules

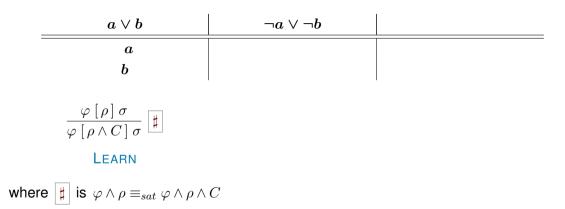
 $a \lor b$

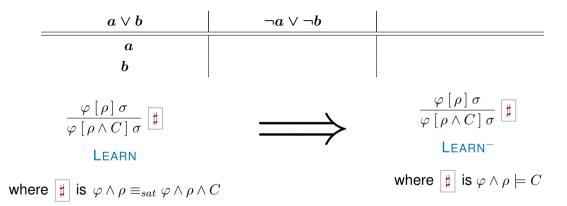
$$\begin{array}{c} \varphi \left[\rho \right] \sigma \\ \hline \varphi \left[\rho \wedge C \right] \sigma \end{array} \ddagger \\ \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{LEARN} \\ \\ \mathsf{Where} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \text{ is } \varphi \wedge \rho \equiv_{sat} \varphi \wedge \rho \wedge C \end{array}$$

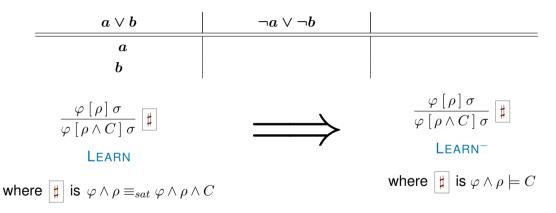
$$a \lor b$$
 $\neg a \lor \neg b$

$$\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{c} \varphi \left[\rho \right] \sigma \\ \hline \varphi \left[\rho \wedge C \right] \sigma \end{array} \end{split}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \texttt{LEARN} \\ \texttt{Where} \end{array} \qquad \texttt{is} \ \varphi \wedge \rho \equiv_{sat} \varphi \wedge \rho \wedge C \end{array}$$





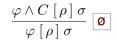


Weaker than original LEARN

□ No extended resolution (e.g. blocked clause addition)

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\varphi[\rho \wedge C] \sigma \cdot (l:C)} \flat$$
WEAKEN

where \flat is $\varphi \wedge C \equiv_{sat}^{l} \varphi$



DROP

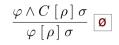
 $\frac{\varphi \wedge C\left[\rho\right]\sigma}{\varphi\left[\rho \wedge C\right]\sigma \cdot (l:C)} \flat$



where
$$\bigcirc$$
 is $\varphi \models C$

WEAKEN

where
$$igstarrow$$
 is $\varphi \wedge C \equiv^l_{sat} \varphi$



DROP

where $\ensuremath{\mathnormal{0}}$ is $\varphi \models C$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\varphi[\rho] \sigma \cdot (\omega:C)}$$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\mathsf{WEAKEN}^{+}}$$

where \flat is $\varphi \wedge C \equiv_{sat}^{\omega} \varphi$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\varphi[\rho] \sigma \cdot (\omega:C)}$$

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where
$$\flat$$
 is $\varphi \wedge C \equiv_{sat}^{\omega} \varphi$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\varphi[\rho] \sigma \cdot (\omega:C)}$$

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where
$$\flat$$
 is $\varphi \wedge C \equiv_{sat}^{\omega} \varphi$

Syntax: ω is set of literals s.t. $\omega \cap C \neq \emptyset$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\varphi[\rho] \sigma \cdot (\omega:C)}$$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\mathsf{WEAKEN}^{+}}$$

where
$$\flat$$
 is $\varphi \wedge C \equiv_{sat}^{\omega} \varphi$

Syntax: ω is set of literals s.t. ω ∩ C ≠ Ø
 Semantics: Propagation Redundancy [HeuleKies|Biere-CADE'17]

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\varphi[\rho] \sigma \cdot (\omega:C)}$$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\mathsf{WEAKEN}^{+}}$$

where
$$\flat$$
 is $\varphi \wedge C \equiv_{sat}^{\omega} \varphi$

Syntax: ω is set of literals s.t. ω ∩ C ≠ Ø
 Semantics: Propagation Redundancy [HeuleKieslBiere-CADE'17]
 Most general reconstructive redundancy property

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\varphi[\rho] \sigma \cdot (\omega:C)}$$

$$\frac{\varphi \wedge C[\rho] \sigma}{\mathsf{WEAKEN}^{+}}$$

where **b** is
$$\varphi \wedge C \equiv_{sat}^{\omega} \varphi$$

- Syntax: ω is set of literals s.t. $\omega \cap C \neq \emptyset$
- Semantics: Propagation Redundancy [HeuleKies|Biere-CADE'17]
 - Most general reconstructive redundancy property
 - \Box Polynomially reconstructible via witness ω :

Proposition: If $\tau(\varphi) = \top$ and $\tau(C) \neq \top$ then $(\tau \circ \omega)(\varphi \land C) = \top$

Incremental Clause Addition

$$\frac{\varphi\left[\rho\right]\sigma}{\varphi\wedge\Delta\left[\rho\right]\sigma}\left[\mathcal{I}\right]$$

ADDCLAUSES

where \mathcal{I} is that each clause of Δ is clean w.r.t. σ

Incremental Clause Addition

$$\frac{\varphi\left[\rho\right]\sigma}{\overline{\varphi\wedge\Delta\left[\rho\right]\sigma}}\left[\mathcal{I}\right]$$

ADDCLAUSES

where \mathcal{I} is that each clause of Δ is **clean** w.r.t. σ

A clause *C* is **clean** w.r.t. a sequence of witness labelled clauses σ if and only if for all $(\omega : D) \in \sigma$ we have that $\neg C \cap \omega = \emptyset$.

Incremental Clause Addition

$$\frac{\varphi\left[\rho\right]\sigma}{\overline{\varphi\wedge\Delta\left[\rho\right]\sigma}}\left[\mathcal{I}\right]$$

ADDCLAUSES

where \mathcal{I} is that each clause of Δ is **clean** w.r.t. σ

A clause *C* is **clean** w.r.t. a sequence of witness labelled clauses σ if and only if for all $(\omega : D) \in \sigma$ we have that $\neg C \cap \omega = \emptyset$.

Lemma: If a clause *C* is clean on a sequence of witness labelled clauses σ , then for all truth assignments τ with $\tau(C) = \top$ we have that $\mathcal{R}(\tau, \sigma)(C) = \top$.

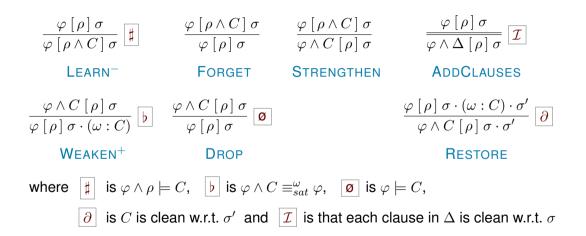
Reversing Weakenings

$$\frac{\varphi\left[\rho\right]\sigma\cdot\left(\omega:C\right)\cdot\sigma'}{\varphi\wedge C\left[\rho\right]\sigma\cdot\sigma'} \quad \overline{\partial}$$

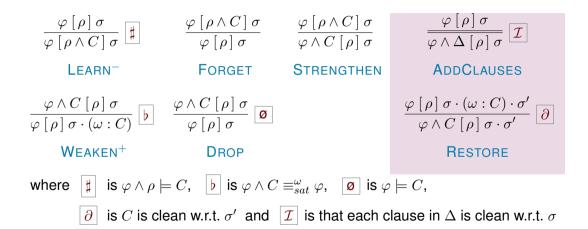
RESTORE

where ∂ is *C* is clean w.r.t. σ'

Incremental Inprocessing Rules



Incremental Inprocessing Rules



Incremental Inprocessing – Formal correctness

Gathered information (including learned clauses) can be kept

 $F^{i+1} \models \rho^i_{k_i}$ where $\rho^i_{k_i}$ is ρ at the end of the evaluation of F^i

Incremental Inprocessing – Formal correctness

Gathered information (including learned clauses) can be kept

 $F^{i+1} \models \rho^i_{k_i}$ where $\rho^i_{k_i}$ is ρ at the end of the evaluation of F^i

Satisfiability preserving derivation continuation

$$F^i \equiv_{sat} \varphi^i_j \wedge \rho^i_j$$
 for all j with $0 \leq j \leq k_i$

Incremental Inprocessing – Formal correctness

Gathered information (including learned clauses) can be kept

 $F^{i+1} \models \rho^i_{k_i}$ where $\rho^i_{k_i}$ is ρ at the end of the evaluation of F^i

Satisfiability preserving derivation continuation

$$F^i \equiv_{sat} \varphi^i_j \wedge \rho^i_j$$
 for all j with $0 \le j \le k_i$

Solution reconstruction in any satisfiable state

$$au(arphi^i_{k_i}) = op \implies \mathcal{R}(au, \sigma^i_{k_i})(F^i) = op$$
 for all i with $0 \le i \le m$

IMPLEMENTATION



Algorithm to Restore and Add Clauses

AlgorithmRestoreAddClauses (new clauses Δ , reconstruction stack σ)

1
$$(\omega_1:C_1)\cdots(\omega_n:C_n):=\sigma$$

- $_{2}$ for i from 1 to n
- if exists $\ell \in \omega_i$ where $\neg \ell$ occurs in Δ then

4
$$\Delta := \Delta \cup C_i, \quad \sigma := \sigma \setminus (\omega_i : C_i)$$

5 return $\langle \Delta, \sigma \rangle$

EXPERIMENTS



CaDiCaL SAT solver with inprocessing [Biere-SATCompProc'18]

CaDiCaL SAT solver with inprocessing [Biere-SATCompProc'18]

- variable elimination [EénBiere-SAT'05]
- vivification [PietteHamadiSais-ECAI'08, LuoLiXiaoManyLü-IJCAI'17]
- equivalent-literal substitution [AspvallPlassTarjan-IPL'79, Brafman-IJCAI'01]
- hyper-binary resolution [BacchusWinter-SAT'03]
- (self-)subsumption [EénBiere-SAT'05]
- blocked clause elimination [JärvisaloBiereHeule-TACAS'10]

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CaMiCaL: bounded model checker with CaDiCaL as back-end

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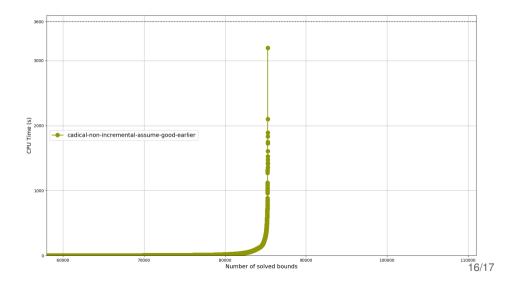
safety property track of HWMCC'17: 300 AIGER models

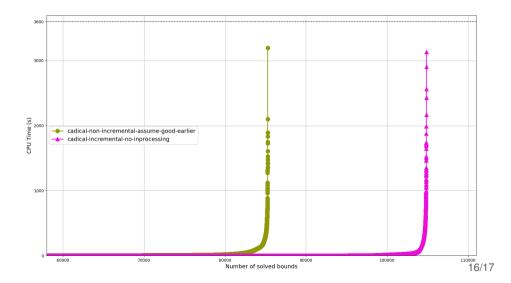
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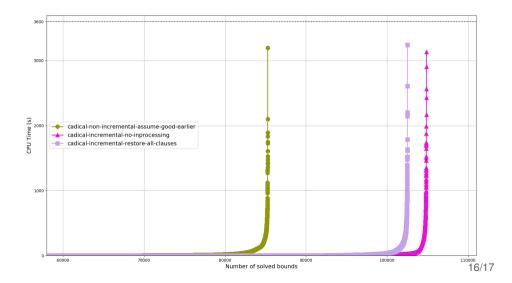
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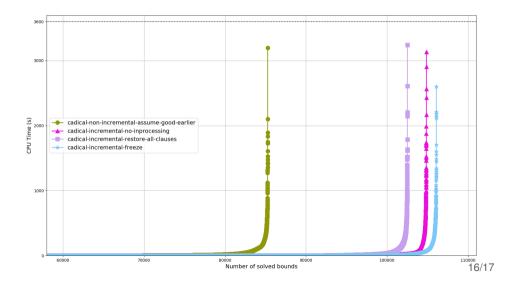
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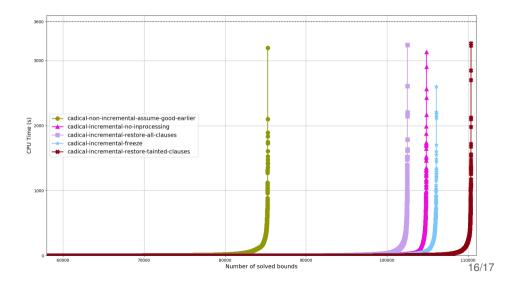
- safety property track of HWMCC'17: 300 AIGER models
- solving a bound = (incremental) SAT call











Incremental inprocessing in SAT

- Incremental inprocessing in SAT
- Simplified solver use
 - □ No need for variable freezing

Incremental inprocessing in SAT

Simplified solver use

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Simple and efficient implementation

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Future Work:

Limitations

□ LEARN⁻ (for e.g. blocked clause addition)

Incremental inprocessing in SAT

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Future Work:

- Limitations
 - □ LEARN⁻ (for e.g. blocked clause addition)
 - □ Clean clause definition

Incremental inprocessing in SAT

Simplified solver use

No need for variable freezing

Simple and efficient implementation

Future Work:

- Limitations
 - □ LEARN⁻ (for e.g. blocked clause addition)
 - □ Clean clause definition
- Inprocessing under assumptions

Thank you for your attention!

INCREMENTAL INPROCESSING IN SAT SOLVING

<u>Katalin Fazekas</u>¹, Armin Biere¹, Christoph Scholl² July 9, 2019, Lisbon ¹Johannes Kepler University Linz, Austria ²Albert–Ludwigs–University, Freiburg, Germany









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